#### Introduction

Lieutenant Bob Stone served as a bombardier in the 431st Bomb Squadron (Heavy), 7th United States Army Air Force in the Pacific. This Spotlight is part of a series of documents detailing the experience of airmen in World War II. Click here for more information about Bob and to read more in this series.

Soldiers rarely describe the details of battles in letters. During World War II, the discussion of events was prohibited by the military and censors were quick to remove anything they considered a risk to the safety and security of the troops. In addition, putting frightening details of war into writing would only worry loved ones at home.

In February 1945, Lieutenant Bob Stone wrote to his parents on his way back to duty from leave in Hawaii. In this lengthy letter, he only briefly mentions a mission on which "all of us were pretty badly scared." It is also apparent that while he was able to call his parents while on leave, he chose not to tell them details of that mission.

For more than sixty years, Bob did not speak about his war service. In 2006, eleven-year-old Otis Baker asked Bob about his role in the war. As the conversation progressed, Otis decided to write a research paper for school based on Bob's experience. Bob dictated an oral history to Otis that documented the reality of battle in detail. In his oral history, Bob finally spoke about the terrifying close calls he wrote home about in February 1945.

Excerpt from Robert L. Stone to Jacob Stone and Beatrice Stone, February 9, 1945. GLC09620.159

I hardly know where to begin, what with all that's happened since I last wrote. We never expected to be up on rest leave so soon, but one night we landed from a mission and were told to be ready to leave the next morning. Needless to say, we wasted no time in packing and making ready to go. Actually our rest came at a very opportune moment because our next to last mission was a real rough one and all of us were pretty badly scared. We were all too jumpy to fly for awhile so a rest leave was quite welcome. Incidentally, we now have twenty-two missions to our credit which leaves us eighteen to go. It's been a long nervewracking pull, and we've still got alot in front of us. At least we've gotten over the half way mark, none the worse for it (considering everything) . . . .

Arranged for a couple of phone calls which always involve red tape; censorship, and lots of time. I can't tell you how good it was to talk to you and hear your voices again. Transpacific calls are always a real thrill for me—a treat that I'd like to enjoy more often.

Excerpt from Bob Stone's oral history as dictated to Otis Baker and Shelia Stone, 2006. Printed in Letters in a Box: Handwritten by Robert L. Stone, during World War II, ed. Sheila M. Stone (2015), pp. 398-399.

We had just bombed Iwo Jima and were leaving the target, which was 6 hours away from our base on Guam when several Japanese fighter planes called Zeros attacked us.

Although we fought them off, we took a number of hits, as well as some hits from the thick flak we encountered when we flew over the island to drop our bombs. After a while flying back towards Guam, one of our four engines sputtered and stopped running. The pilot "feathered" this engine which means that he turned the propeller blades sideways so that they would cut through the air rather than being a total drag. A loaded B-24 cannot take off with only two working engines, but once in the air it can fly with only two engines.

With only three engines operating, the plane was flying much slower and was beginning to lose altitude, which made us consume more gasoline. All of a sudden there was total silence when all three engines stopped.

The silence was devastating and eerie.

We were all in a state of panic wondering what had happened and if the end was near—it seemed inevitable! After what seemed like a long time, but probably was only a couple of minutes, the engines caught hold and we were once again on our way to our base. We found out that in transferring fuel from the non-working engine to the working ones, an air lock developed which momentarily stopped the proper flow of gas and made the plane stall.

Because of our loss of altitude, we decided to lighten our load by throwing overboard anything we could such as the ball turret (which was incredibly heavy), eight very heavy 50 millimeter guns, ten very heavy flak jackets (used for body protection) and a small gas engine used to start the plane's engines. Also, a great many boxes of unused 40-millimeter shells were deep sixed. There may have been more items that I don't recall any longer, but anything of any weight except the Norden Bomb Sight was jettisoned. The bombsight was top-secret equipment, very expensive, and very difficult to replace because it enabled the pilot to transfer the control of the plane to the bombardier who could then zero in on the targets more accurately. The reduction of all this weight helped us maintain altitude and at the same time use less gas. We continued along for about another hour or so hoping we would not lose altitude and not use up all our gas before we got to base. We also hoped that our three engines would continue to operate until we landed safely.

At this point, we decided to head to Saipan rather than our home base of Guam because Saipan was somewhat closer than flying back to Guam. With less than two hours left to reach Saipan, another engine conked out and had to be "feathered" leaving us with only two working engines—happily one on each wing. Now our big worry was whether we had sufficient gas to get to Saipan and whether we could maintain enough altitude to

make a landing when we got there. Also, it was critical that the two remaining engines continued to operate properly. The next hour or so was really tense and scary as there was nothing else we could do except to hope that Saint Francis and Saint Christopher would do their job and protect us!

It was an enormous relief when we saw the lights of Saipan. We started our final approach and descent to the runway from a much lower altitude than normal. When the wheels hit the runway, we started to roll but only got half way down the runway when the other two engines stopped because we had completely run out of gas. This was an absolute miracle because if we had to fly another 100 feet to reach the runway we would have come down in the water and crashed! When the crew left the airplane, we all kissed the ground because we had been so fortunate in making it back safely to terra firma! The Flying Jenny was hauled away and never flew again because its engines and the body of the plane had been so badly damaged it was not worth repairing.

On June 5, 1945, Bob was awarded the Distinguished Flying Cross for this mission. Not only did the crew survive an incredible ordeal, they successful dropped 100% of their bombs on target.

# **Questions for Discussion**

- 1. How does the tone of the letter differ from the tone of the oral history transcript?
- 2. How many details and facts related to a pilot's routine can you identify from both the letter and the oral history transcript?
- 3. How did the crew respond to the engine malfunction? What one item did they not consider to jettison? Why?
- 4. Why do you think Bob Stone references an appeal to St. Francis and St. Christopher?
- 5. Locate a map and trace the route between Iwo Jima, Saipan, and Guam.

In Flight FEB. 9th, 1945 DEAT Dad + BEE-This morning brought to a close a vary pleasant and relaxing test leave on Oahu and Kawai. you no steen su pobstest plan still smass tI niepo tradinas of shood pribas 372 342 see 3431 bore go Luckily we don't have to the a ship back but are traveling as passengers on an ATC ship. I hardly know where to begin, what with all that's happened since I but wrote. WE never tud poor or text leave so soon, but 373 w bus policien a most balance and were -63911. printom txx of the sust of plast 3d of blot 125 to say, we wanted no time in packing and making teady to 90. Actually out test come at a very opportune noment because out next to last mission was a real tough one and all of us were Pretty badly scared, WE WETE all too jumpy to fly for awhile so a rest leave was quite welcome. Incidentally to at ensisting out-throat such wan son citedit which leaves us Eighteen to go. It's been a long nerveuracking pull, and we've still got alot in front of us. At least we've gotten over the half way mark, none the worse for it (ansidering Everything) . Upon checking in on Dahy we went to one of the test comps for combat crows out at Waikiki For the first few days I had a

Robert L. Stone to Jacob Stone and Beatrice Stone, February 9, 1945. (The Gilder Lehrman Institute of American History, GLC09620.159, p. 1)

# **Transcript**

Robert L. Stone to Jacob Stone and Beatrice Stone, February 9, 1945. GLC09620.159 [draft]

In Flight

Feb. 9<sup>th</sup>, 1945

#### Dear Dad & Bee-

This morning brought to a close a very pleasant and relaxing rest leave on Oahu and Kauai. It seems like only yesterday we were on our way up, and here we are heading back to combat again. Luckily we don't have to fly a ship back but are traveling as passengers on an ATC ship.

I hardly know where to begin, what with all that's happened since I last wrote. We never expected to be up on rest leave so soon, but one night we landed from a mission and were told to be ready to leave the next morning. Needless to say, we wasted no time in packing and making ready to go. Actually our rest came at a very opportune moment because our next to last mission was a real rough one and all of us were pretty badly scared. We were all too jumpy to fly for awhile so a rest leave was quite welcome. Incidentally, we now have twenty-two missions to our credit which leaves us eighteen to go. It's been a long nervewracking pull, and we've still got alot in front of us. At least we've gotten over the half way mark, none the worse for it (considering everything).

Upon checking in on Oahu, we went to one of the rest camps for combat crews out at Waikiki. For the first few days I had a [2] number of things to do in Honolulu. There are always a bunch of little things you find you need "down under" and of course there's no place to buy them. Arranged for a couple of phone calls which always involve red tape; censorship, and lots of time. I can't tell you how good it was to talk to you and hear your voices again. Trans-pacific calls are always a real thrill for me—a treat that I'd like to enjoy more often. 'Twas swell talking to Bunny.

I went in and had a swell talk with Mr. Kellett, Dad. He's an awfully attractive gent and I was glad to have met him. The day I went in he invited me to his club for lunch, and I met all of his friends. They have a gang that eat together every day similar to your crowd at the Lucheon Club. It was [strikeout] very pleasant meeting Mr. Kellett because he's an A-1 fellow.

When we arrived at the rest camp, most of us turned in our names to go and stay on a ranch if an invitation came through. They make all arrangements for you to go over to the other islands and visit with different families. Bill and I went over to some people on Kauai. Their name was Hansen, and they ran a large sugar plantation. Never have I been treated so royally or enjoyed

myself more. They were the nicest people you'd ever want to meet, and they opened their home to us as if we [3] had been life-long friends. They had nothing planned for us but wanted us to do whatever our fancy desired. The food was really a treat—we had all the fresh meat, vegetables, milk, butter, and eggs we could eat. There's no rationing on the islands and what with their farm on the plantation we absolutely ate like kings. During my stay, I put on eight pounds. A couple of days we went to the beach, drove all around the island, went around the plantation with Mr. Hansen, and in general took it easy. Every morning we slept as late as we wanted (they insisted we did) and then had breakfast. During the day we did just whatever we wanted and Mr. & Mrs. Hansen were always agreeable to anything. One night we all went up to their mountain home (something like Alderbrook) and cooked supper. A couple of meals we were all invited to friends of theirs. One day we went to a real Hawaiian feast where they ate raw fish and various other strange foods.

I can't adequately describe the Hansens and expect to do them justice. He was about forty and was born on Kauai. Had gone to college in the states and came back to Kauai to run the plantation. (The Hansens and all their friends are quite well to-do financially.) He was an all-around guy with a swell sense of humor. Mrs. Hansen is also around forty but looks nearer thirty. She's a very attractive gal [4] with all kinds of pep—really a swell person. Together they made ideal hosts and did everything possible to make our stay a pleasant one, and believe me they succeeded! We couldn't have had a better or more restful time. Nothing was too much for them to do for us. We are like kings and drank nothing but the best scotch—Canadian Club if you please! All in all, it was a real treat to visit the Hansens and happily enough they were very fond of us. In fact, they insist that we come back when we finish up our missions. We'll certainly do it, if we possibly can.

I was certainly glad to hear that you got away to Virginia for a few days rest and relaxation. It must have been fun to have a little vacation.

In answer to a couple of questions in your letters, before I came on rest leave. My wisdom tooth is alright and it hasn't bothered me for quite awhile. You asked what happens if a man on a crew is sick for a mission or so. Well, anyone from a crew [insert: not] flying on that mission can take his place as well as some extras who are around. The boys are anxious to go because they get in another mission that way.

It seems that I've been rambling on altogether too long so I'm going to put an end to it now. I did have alot to write as I've [5] been putting it off regularly for the last couple of weeks. I hope you can make out my scrawl which is quite messy, since we occasionally hit rough air. This letter ought to make fairly good time because I'm going to mail it at the first stop instead of taking it all the way "down under."

My very best to everybody, and I'll try to write again in a few days, when I have a little time.

All love—

#### <u>Bobby</u>

P.S. I really dread the thought of returning to eat C-rations and live like a primitive man [inserted: again.] The good food and a few conveniences of civilization are really a treat to come back to. Imagine shaving with hot water!! Rest leaves are a mighty fine institution!!!