

NO.1

10¢

NEGRO HEROES

TRUE STORIES TOLD IN FULL COLOR

**WIZARD
OF
SCIENCE**



The National Urban League, Negro Heroes. [No. 1], 1947.
(The Gilder Lehrman Institute of American History, GLC09639.01)

Calling All Young Americans!

Crowd around, you kids! Let me tell you—this magazine is a knock-out!

It's full of honest-to-goodness true stories of Negro Americans who are real Champs. Fighters! Folks who climbed into the ring punching, kayed everything that tried to stop them, and stood up winners for the referee's count.

You start right off reading about George Washington Carver, scientist. There are stories of Mary McLeod Bethune, a great lady with a great life; Paul Robeson, athlete, actor and singer; Matt Henson, who helped explore the North Pole; Charles French, who swam through shark-filled waters towing a raft of his wounded comrades; and Charles David and Charles Thomas, young war heroes.

Boy, do they land some punches! It's all there in pictures, round by round, and those men and women won them all. This magazine calls them "Negro Heroes." I call them "Champs." They fought exciting bouts with poverty, prejudice, lack of opportunity, fascism, and then some—and buckled them all under with some hammering lefts and rights.

Reading about them in this book is a real thrill for me! Only thing is, these are just a few, a little handful, of the hundreds of stories of true heroes that could be told. I'd like to read a lot more.

I'll tell you what I did. After I got through reading this magazine, I sat down and wrote a letter to the National Urban League. I told them that these were great stories, about great people, but I wanted to read some more. I told them that boys and girls all over America would like to go to the newsstands every month and buy "Negro Heroes" and read more stories like these about real men and women. I asked them if they would please have their artists and writers get to work and put out some more.

You kids do the same thing! Get your friends to write, too. Get into a huddle, all of you, and put your heads together and make a list of other Negro heroes whose stories you would like to see in this magazine. If enough of you write, there will be other issues. Address your letters, like I did, to:

Guichard Parris, Consulting Editor
NEGRO HEROES
 National Urban League
 1133 Broadway, Room 826
 New York 10, New York

Tell him like I told you: that this magazine is a knock-out! So long and good reading to you kids!

Yours,

Joe Louis

Publication and Editorial Offices
 1133 Broadway
 New York 10, New York

WILLIAM H. BALDWIN, President
 WILLARD S. TOWNSEND, Vice-President
 SADIE T. M. ALEXANDER, Secretary

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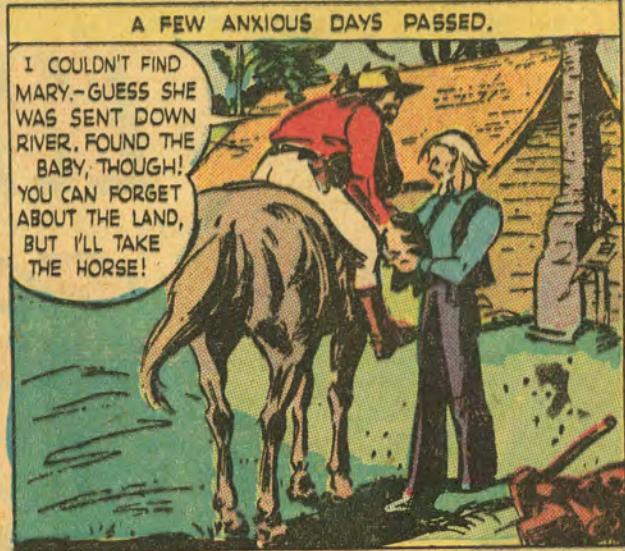
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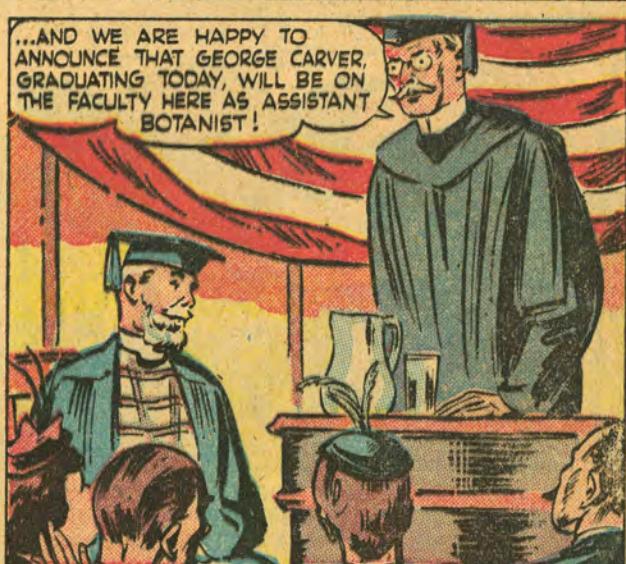
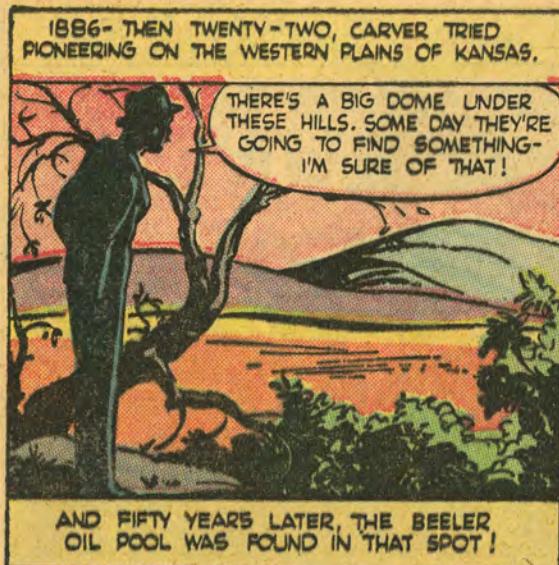
JAY JOSTYN

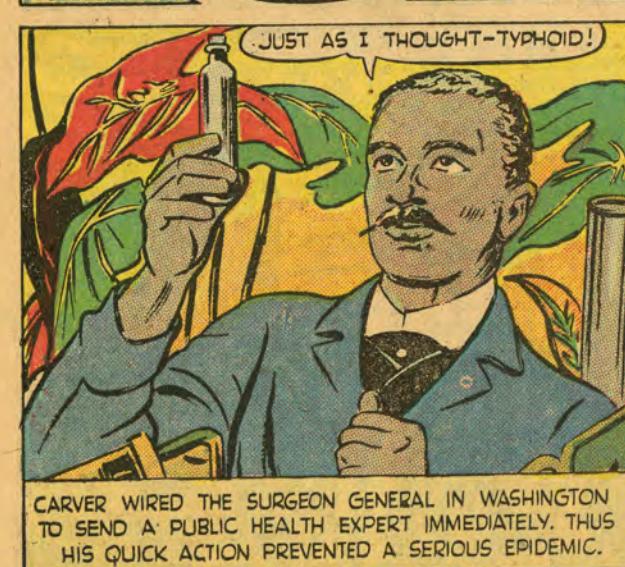
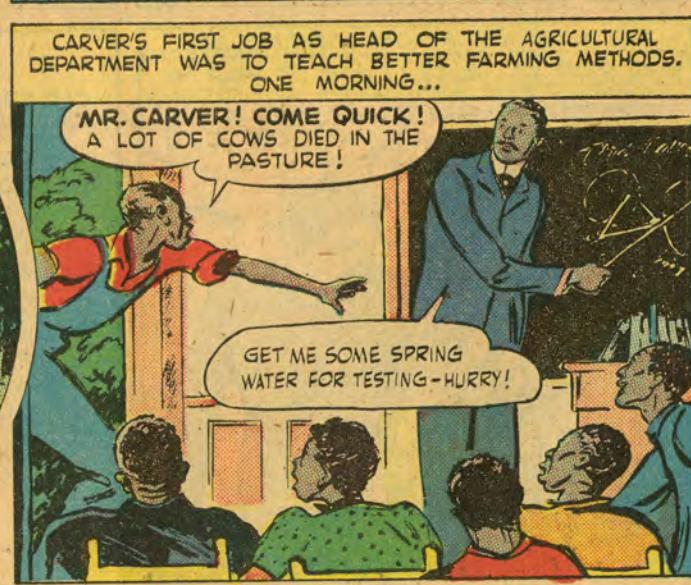
Radio's "Mr. District Attorney"

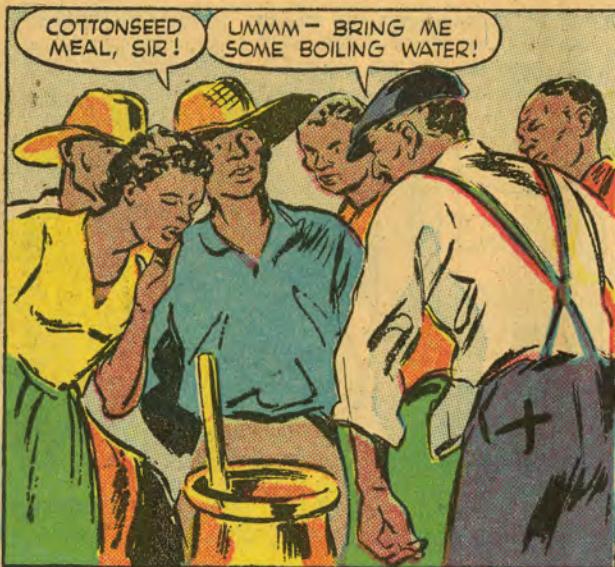
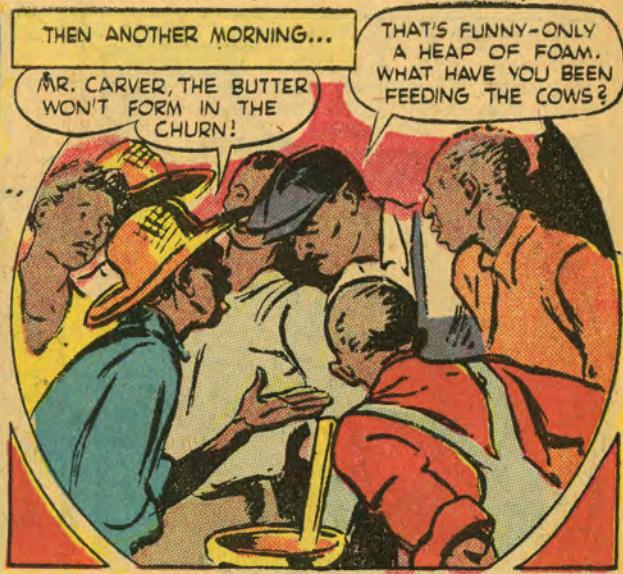
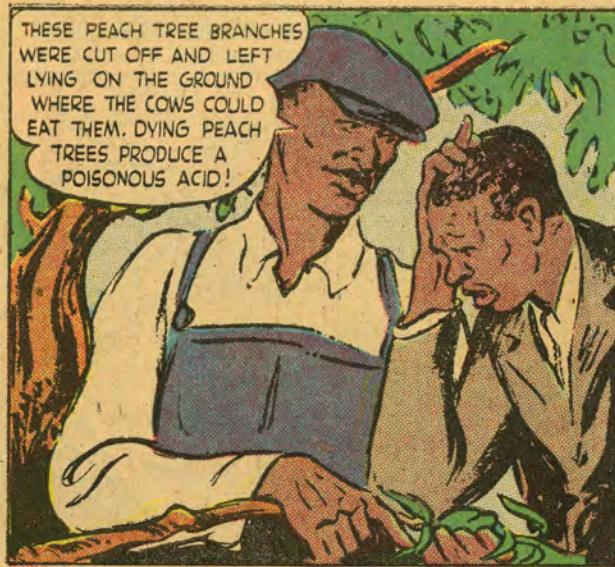
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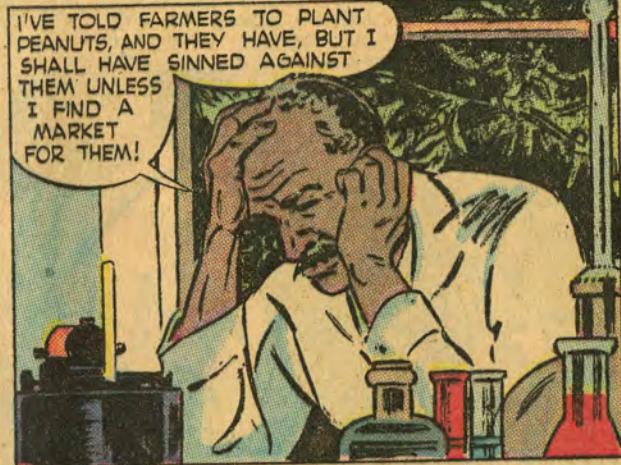
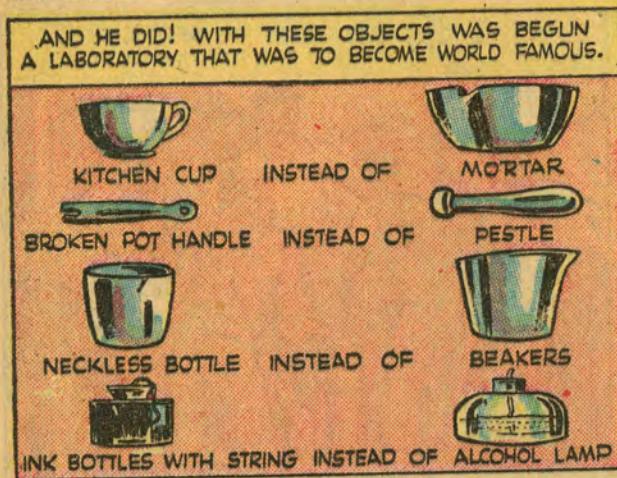
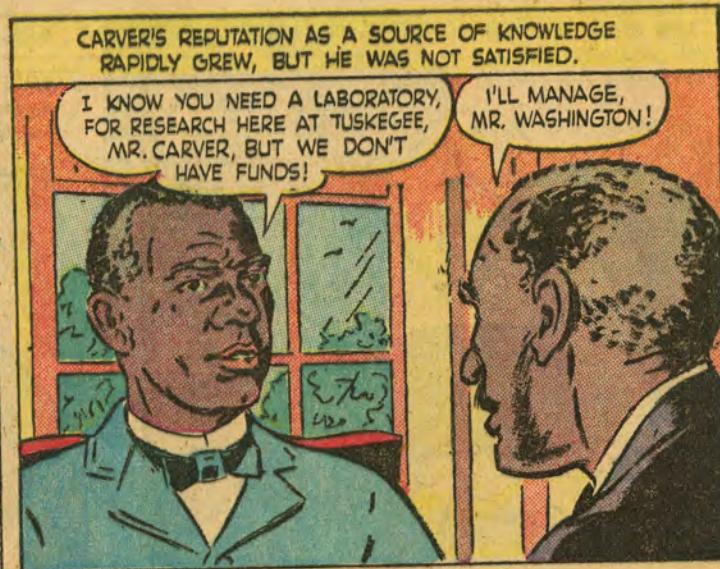










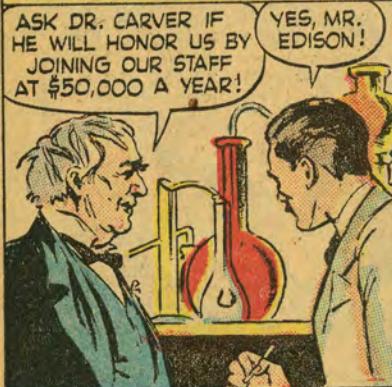




The National Urban League, Negro Heroes. [No. 1], 1947.
(The Gilder Lehrman Institute of American History, GLC09639.01)

MEANWHILE FAME HAD COME TO THE MODEST TEACHER, NOW DR. CARVER, WHO INSISTED UPON STILL DRAWING ONLY THE SALARY AT WHICH HE HAD BEEN FIRST HIRED AT TUSKEGEE.

AT THE CAMDEN, NEW JERSEY,
LABORATORY OF THOMAS EDISON...



IN NEW YORK, 1939...



AND GHANDI IN INDIA...



CARVER'S RESEARCH PRODUCTS WOULD FILL A CATALOGUE. THESE ARE BUT A FEW.

FROM PEANUT.....MOCK OYSTERS, WOOD DYES AND STAINS, OIL, MILK, COFFEE, WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, CHEESE, INK, FACE CREAM, LINIMENT

FROM SWEET POTATO.....FLOUR, ROPE

FROM WISTARIA.....PAPER

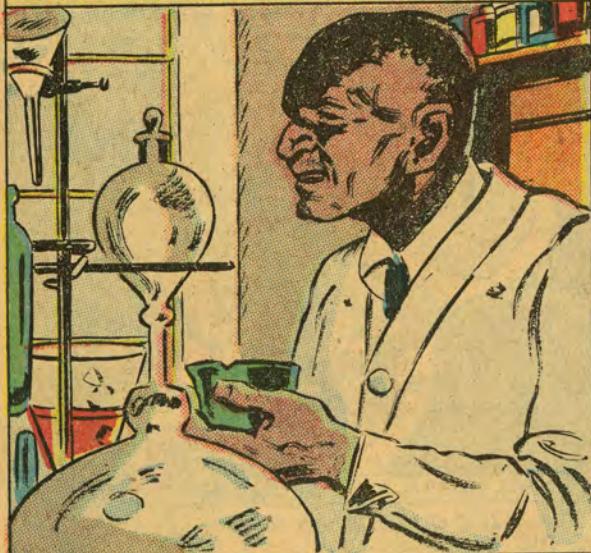
FROM SAWDUST.....SYNTHETIC MARBLE

FROM CATTAIIS.....TABLE MATS

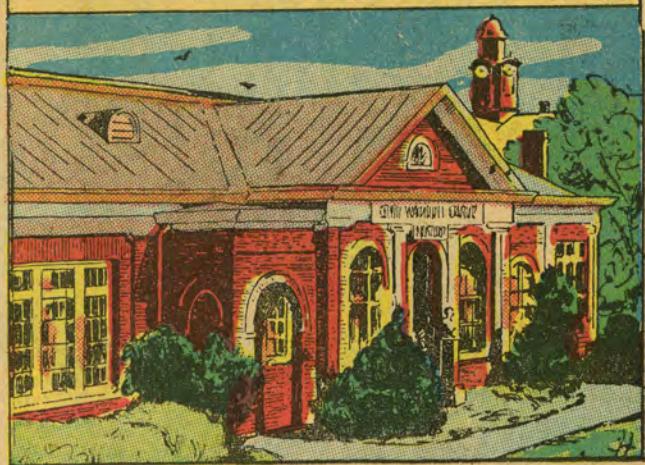
FROM CLAYS OF THE SOUTH.....POTTERY AND WALLPAPER DYES

FROM CORN STALK.....WALL BOARDS FOR INSULATION

1942 FOUND CARVER, IN HIS 79TH YEAR, LABORING
ON AMERICA'S HOMEFRONT IN WARTIME FOOD RESEARCH.

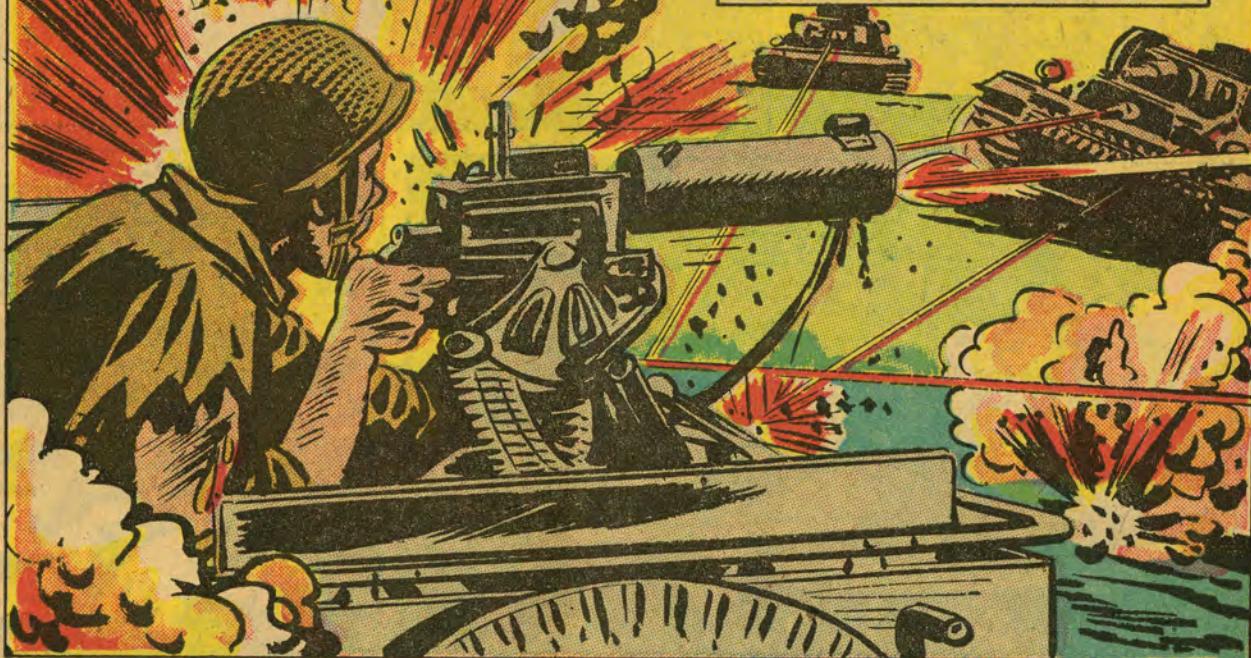


ON JANUARY 5, 1943, STILL WORKING, GEORGE WASHINGTON CARVER DIED. SO PASSED A NOBLE AMERICAN, ONE WHO HAD BUILT A BRIDGE OF UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN BLACK AND WHITE, ONE WHO HAD TOILED A LIFETIME IN THE SERVICE OF HIS FELLOW MEN. THIS MUSEUM AT TUSKEGEE IS A MONUMENT TO HIS WORK.



VICTORY AT CLIMBACH

A HAIL OF GERMAN BULLETS ON A FIRE-SWEPT HILLTOP COULDN'T STOP LT. CHARLES THOMAS AND THE MEN OF THE 614TH TANK DESTROYER BATTALION.

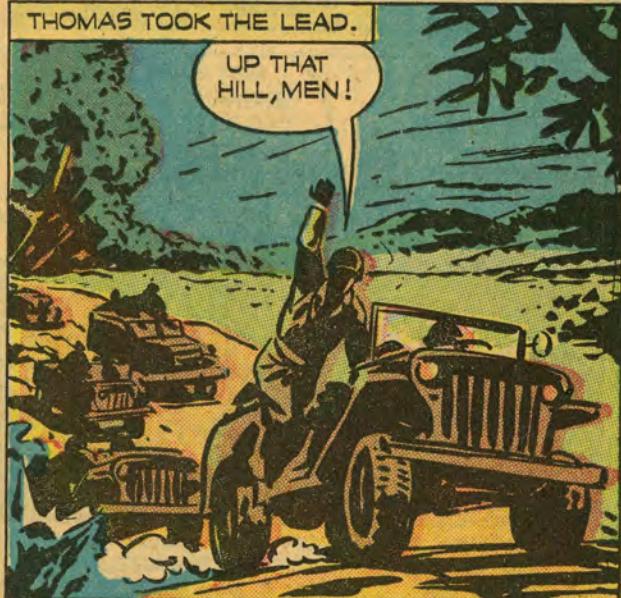


IN DECEMBER, 1944, THE AMERICAN PUSH THROUGH ALSACE WAS HALTED OUTSIDE THE VILLAGE OF CLIMBACH.

WE'VE GOT TO TAKE THAT TOWN! IT'S FULL OF GERMAN SUPPLY TRUCKS.

THOMAS TOOK THE LEAD.

UP THAT HILL, MEN!



BUT AS THEY REACHED THE TOP...



I'LL COVER YOU.
GET BACK OFF
THE ROAD!



THE MEN RAN
FOR SHELTER
IN A NEARBY
THICKET.
LT. THOMAS,
ALTHOUGH
WOUNDED,
HELD OFF THE
GERMANS
UNTIL...

WE'RE ALL
HERE. COME ON,
LIEUTENANT!



AS THOMAS FINALLY RAN
FOR COVER...

HE'S HIT
AGAIN.—THIS
TIME BADLY!



LET US
TAKE YOU TO
THE REAR.

NOT UNTIL THE
GERMANS ARE BLASTED
OUT! GET THOSE TANK
DESTROYERS INTO
POSITION AND USE
EVERY GUN WE'VE
GOT.



THOMAS STAYED ON TO ENCOURAGE AND
DIRECT HIS MEN UNTIL THE CAPTURE OF
STRATEGIC CLIMBACH WAS ASSURED.

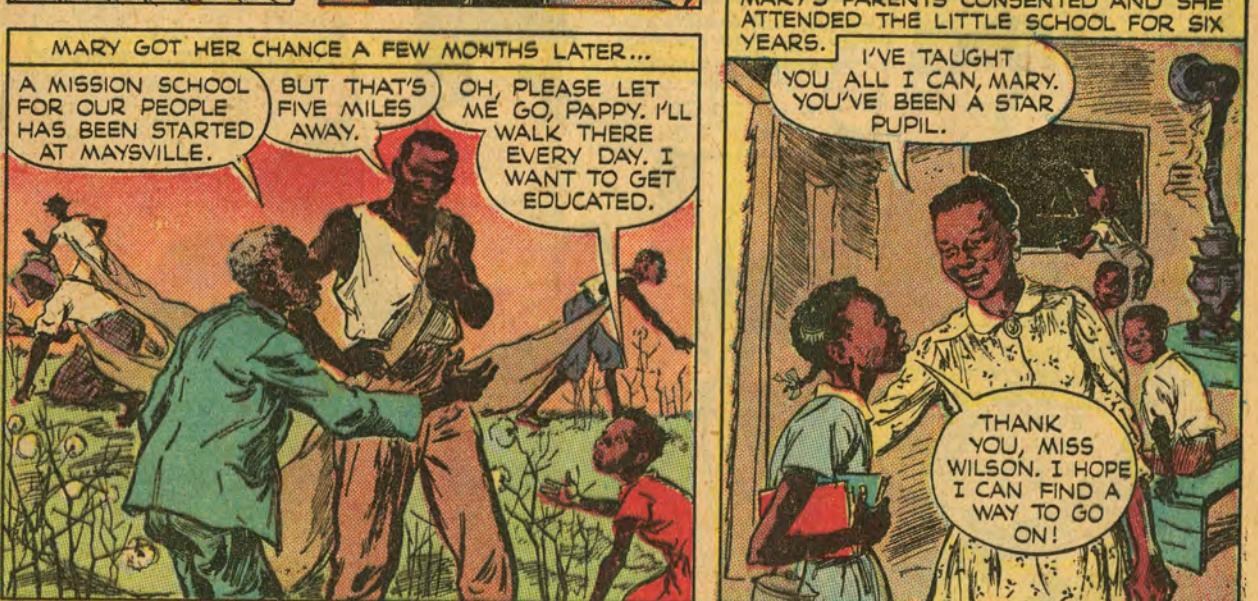
WEEKS LATER...

HOW DOES IT
FEEL TO BE A
HERO, CAPTAIN?



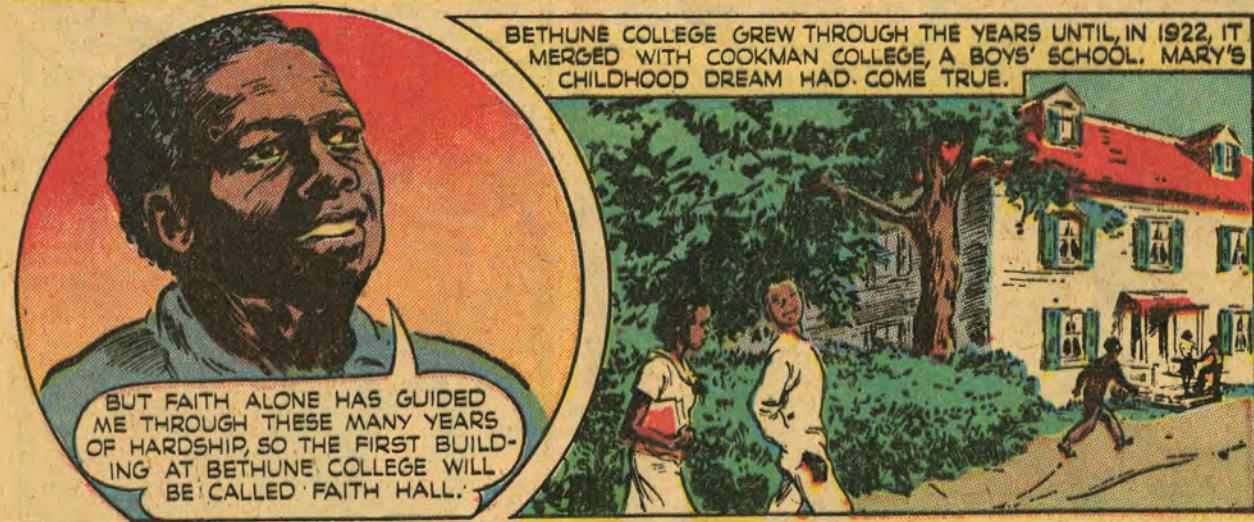
FOR HIS HEROISM, CAPTAIN CHARLES
THOMAS RECEIVED THE DISTINGUISHED
SERVICE CROSS—THE FIRST LIVING NEGRO
TO BE THUS HONORED IN WORLD WAR II.

BELoved TEACHER











The National Urban League, Negro Heroes. [No. 1], 1947.
(The Gilder Lehrman Institute of American History, GLC09639.01)

Negro Heroes' HALL of FAME

ON THESE PAGES WILL BE FOUND GLIMPSES INTO THE LIVES AND DEEDS OF NEGRO HEROES who have colored the history of America.

Men all over the world are grateful to George Washington Carver, for his many discoveries have helped them to raise better crops and live fuller lives. Born of a slave mother, Dr. Carver ranks with the greatest of America's great men.

The achievements of a man like Paul Robeson, whose voice has thrilled audiences in most of the cities of the world, or a woman like Mary McLeod Bethune, who has enabled thousands of Negro boys and girls who might never have known the joy of reading to get an education, prove that race need not be a handicap. If people put obstacles in their way, Paul Robeson and Mary McLeod Bethune worked all the harder to show such people how wrong they were.

Charles French proved also that if given the chance, he could be as daring a hero as any other man on his ship; Lieutenant Charles Thomas showed them that with half a break, he was as good an officer as any other lieutenant in the Army. There are hundreds of young men like French and Thomas who, if given half a chance, will make good.

Many people are working hard to see that Negro boys and girls in every section of the country get the opportunity they deserve. Some do it as individuals—by just being sure that they treat their Negro friends the same way they treat friends who are not Negroes.

There are others who also work with groups like the National Urban League, the widely-known organization, which creates better opportunities for Negroes. It is impossible to understand a neighbor you do not know, but through working with groups like the Urban League, people come to know each other.

The Urban League has branches in every section of the country.

Through the Urban League—
Negro boys and girls get jobs
Negro families find decent homes to live in
Negro boys and girls receive better education
Negro children secure better medical care

**THE URBAN LEAGUE HELPS NEGROES TO BECOME BETTER CITIZENS
THIS MAKES AMERICA A BETTER PLACE TO LIVE IN**

REMEMBER

Our Constitution says that ALL MEN ARE EQUAL
You, too, can be a hero
But first you must be a Good Citizen!

ON THE COURTHOUSE AT AUBURN, NEW YORK, will be found a bronze tablet erected to the memory of HARRIET TUBMAN who, as a "Conductor" on the Underground Railroad, led over three hundred men and women out of slavery to freedom. Born in 1821, "General Tubman," as she was called by John Brown of Harper's Ferry fame, decided when she was a mere girl that she had a right to two things—Liberty and Death. She finally made her way to the North and Liberty. But Harriet could not



enjoy her freedom when she remembered that all the people she loved were down South in slavery. So she made nineteen trips back, and the Negroes called her Moses because when she appeared, slaves disappeared. Slave owners offered \$40,000 for her capture, without success. Later, she served as a Union nurse, spy and scout during the Civil War. Her last days were spent at Auburn, New York, where she founded a home for the poor and crippled. She died in 1913.

THERE IS HARDLY A TOWN OR VILLAGE IN THE UNITED STATES where boys and girls do not know about JOE LOUIS—"The Brown Bomber"—as the world's champion boxer is called. Joe has become the idol of millions, and any man, woman or child who shows signs of great strength is likely to be tagged a "Joe Louis." People who box, act or write often change their names. When Joe started fighting, his managers decided that Joe Louis sounded better for a boxer than Joseph Louis Barrow, which was the boxer's legal name. When Joe was born in 1914, the Barrow family was living on a farm down in Alabama.



But when Joe was very young his mother moved the family to Detroit. It was in that city that Joe grew up and developed an interest in the ring.

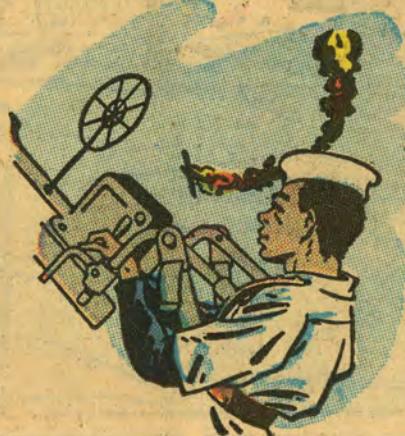
He started boxing in the Golden Gloves in 1932 and won the light-heavyweight championship. His professional career began in 1934 and winning became a habit with Joe. That is why his fans were stunned when Max Schmeling knocked him out in 1936. Joe did not forget. In 1937 he won the title from James J. Braddock and in 1938 avenged the whipping received two years earlier and knocked Schmeling out in the first round.

In all of his bouts, Joe Louis has been known to be honest and fair. His mother says that is because he was raised in a Christian home. Joe served in the Army almost four years and visited every theater of war put-

ting on exhibition bouts and cheering his buddies.

The entire proceeds of the Joe Louis-Buddy Baer bout went to Army Relief; and when the champion fought Big Abe Simon the proceeds from that fight went to Navy Relief. Fight fans insist that Joe's most memorable bout was in 1941 when he knocked Billy Conn out in the 13th round. Louis and Conn fought again in June 1946, and Louis won. Today Joe Louis is hailed as one of America's first citizens.

DORIE MILLER, MESS ATTENDANT ON THE U.S.S. ARIZONA was on the bridge of the battleship where he was stationed during the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor. When his fatally wounded Captain fell, Miller rushed to him, aided him to safety, and then returned to the post and most efficiently manned a machine gun.



On May 27, 1942, President Roosevelt bestowed the Navy Cross on Dorie and he was advanced from Mess Attendant 3rd class to Mess Attendant 1st class.

He served on several vessels and was a messman aboard the Liscombe Bay until reported missing November 20, 1943. Dorie was born in 1919 at Waco, Texas. His Navy Cross was awarded "for action above and beyond the call of duty."

* * *

LIKE MOST FAMOUS NEGROES, MARIAN ANDERSON, oftentimes called "America's high priestess of song," is the daughter

of humble, hard-working parents. Born in 1908 in West Philadelphia, she attended Stanton Grammar School and Penn High.

While still a girl, Marian Anderson started her musical career as a choir singer, and credits her wide range to the many times when she had to pinch-hit for absent choir members—sometimes the bass, sometimes the soprano. The Philadelphia Choral Society became interested in this young Negro girl with the beautiful voice and made it possible for her to study under the best teachers.

Perhaps one of her earliest triumphs was when she sang with the Philharmonic Orchestra at New York's Lewisohn Stadium.

In 1930, she received a Rosenwald Fellowship which helped her to study in Europe. Wherever Marian Anderson gave concerts in Europe, she received



great acclaim and was asked to sing for most of the Crowned Heads. When she returned to her native land, December 30, 1935, she broke her ankle just before the boat docked. As she sang, few people knew that her foot was in a cast and the music critics were lavish in their praise. In 1939, President Roosevelt invited Marian Anderson to come to the White House and sing for the King and Queen of England. Though Marian Anderson has known much success and had many honors bestowed upon her, including the Spingarn and Bok Awards, she says that the only recipe for success is hard work.

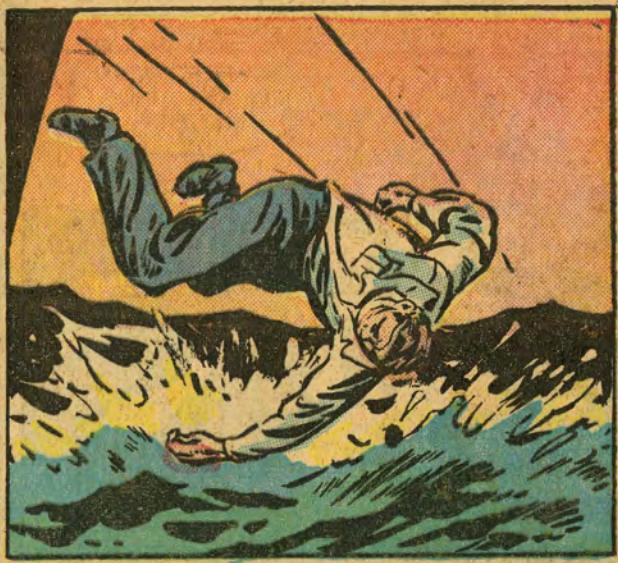
A MIGHTY MAN WAS HE

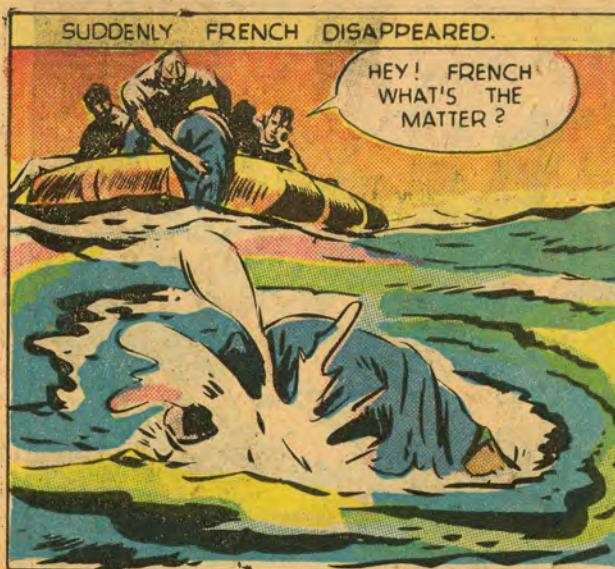
THE ODDS FOR SURVIVAL WERE AGAINST HIM, BUT AS LONG AS THERE WAS AN OUNCE OF STRENGTH IN HIS ARMS, SEAMAN CHARLES FRENCH FOUGHT ON!

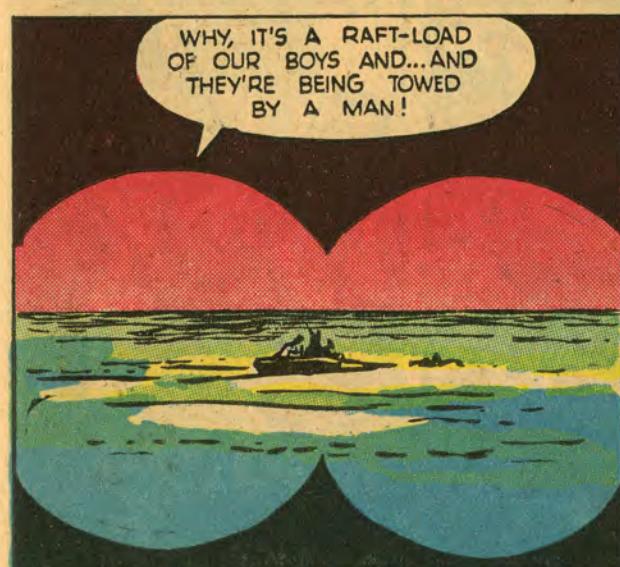


OCTOBER, 1942—OFF THE SOLOMON ISLANDS, A U.S. DESTROYER, AFTER A VALIANT FIGHT, WAS WRECKED BY JAP NAVAL GUNS.



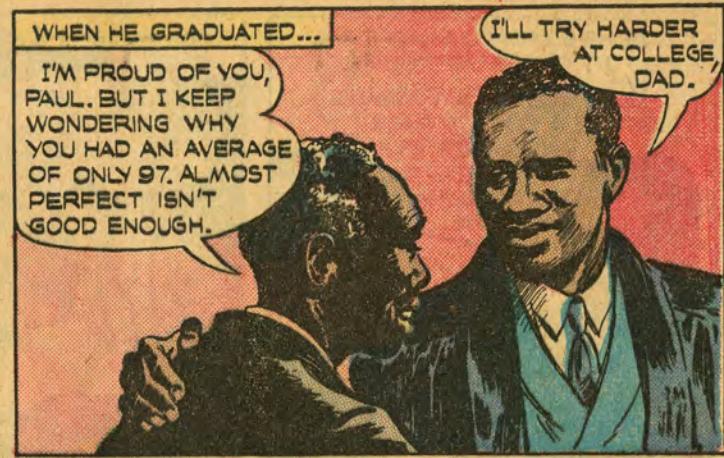
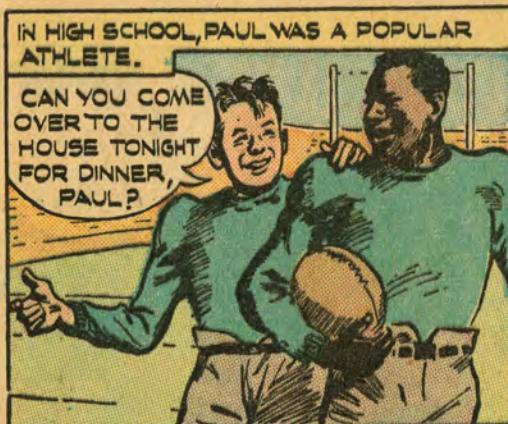






PAUL ROBESON





AT RUTGERS UNIVERSITY, PAUL WON PRIZES IN ORATORY, WAS ELECTED TO PHI BETA KAPPA IN HIS JUNIOR YEAR, TO CAP AND SKULL, SENIOR HONORARY, AND WON LETTERS IN TRACK, BASKETBALL, BASEBALL AND FOOTBALL.



HE WAS ALSO VALEDICTORIAN OF HIS CLASS.



IN 1923, HE ENTERED A LAW FIRM.
BUT...

TO CONTINUE IN LAW MEANS
FIGHTING A LOT OF RACE
PREJUDICE. EVEN
THE CLERKS
HERE RESENT
ME.

THEN EUGENE O'NEILL LURED HIM INTO HIS PLAY, "EMPEROR
JONES."

HERE'S WHERE
YOU WHISTLE A
FEW BARS,
PAUL.

I CAN'T
WHISTLE.
HOW ABOUT
SINGING?

AFTER THE SCENE WAS OVER...

YOU HAVE A
MAGNIFICENT VOICE.
WHY DON'T YOU
GIVE CONCERTS?

AFTER A SERIES OF SUCCESSFUL PLAYS, ROBESON
GAVE HIS FIRST CONCERT. IT WAS A SUCCESS.

HE MOVES THE AUDIENCE
BECAUSE HE, HIMSELF,
IS MOVED BY THE
STRENGTH OF
THE SONGS HE
SINGS.

LATER, ROBESON TOURED THE CONTINENT,
BECOMING POPULAR AS AN ACTOR, A SINGER,
AND A MAN.

SING SOMETHING,
PAUL.

HOW ABOUT SOME
BOOGIE-WOOGIE?

HIS GIFT FOR LEARNING LANGUAGES ENABLED
HIM TO MINGLE WITH THE PEOPLE OF
THE COUNTRIES HE VISITED.





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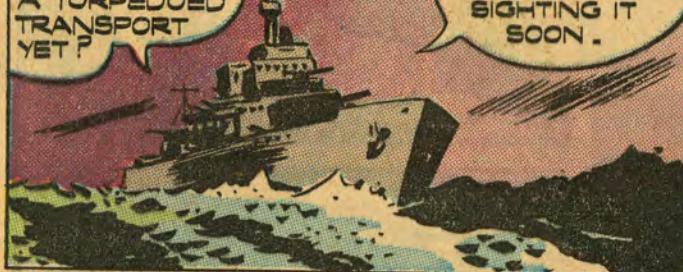
SACRIFICE AT SEA

WHEN THE LIVES OF MANY OTHER MEN WERE AT STAKE, COAST GUARDSMAN CHARLES DAVID REFUSED TO THINK OF HIS OWN SAFETY.

IN THE FALL OF 1943, A COAST GUARD CUTTER IN THE NORTH ATLANTIC WAS RACING TO ANSWER A CALL FOR HELP.

ANY SIGN OF A TORPEDOED TRANSPORT YET?

NO, BUT WE SHOULD BE SIGHTING IT SOON.



I HOPE SO. A MAN CAN FREEZE TO DEATH IN THIS ICY WATER!



SURVIVORS SIGHTED ALL HANDS STAND BY!

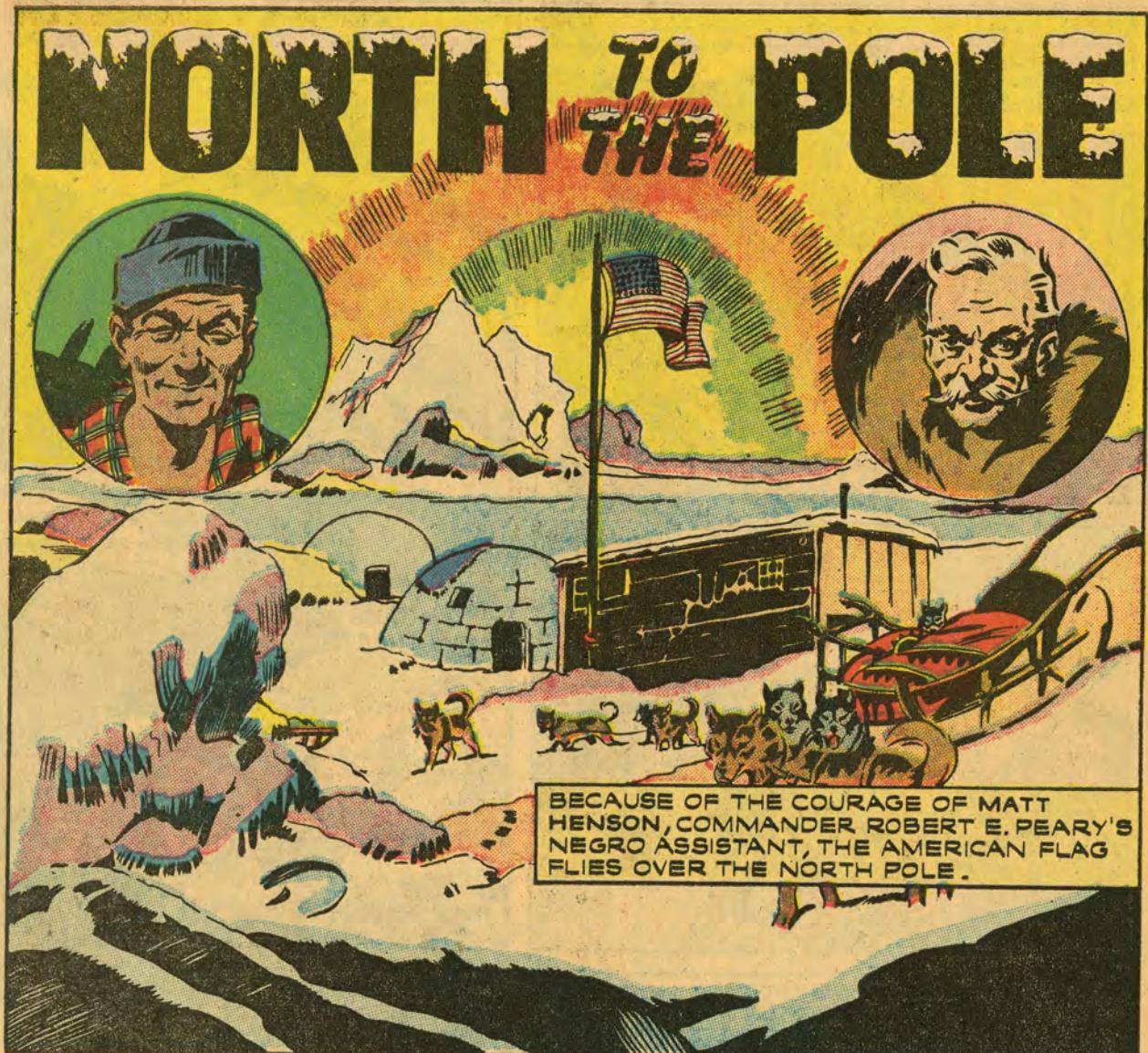
THE CREW OF THE CUTTER QUICKLY BEGAN PULLING THE HALF-FROZEN MEN OUT OF THE WATER.



SOME OF THE MEN OUT THERE HAVEN'T THE STRENGTH TO GET TO THE BOAT. I'M GOING AFTER THEM.



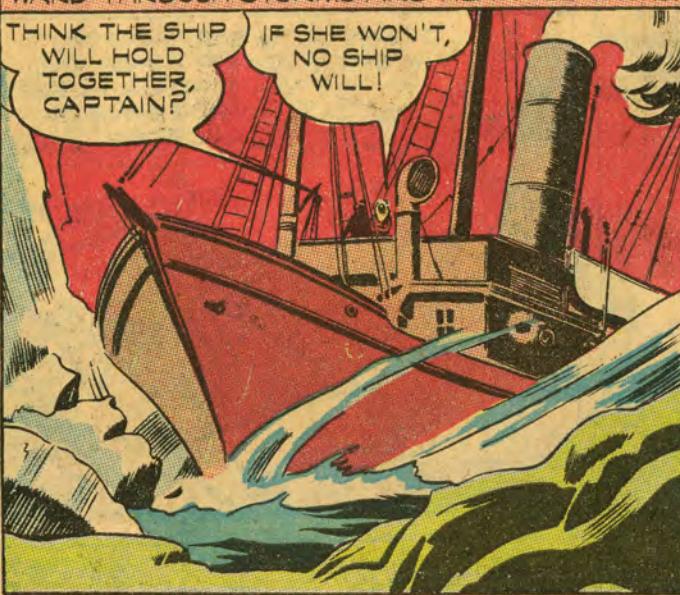




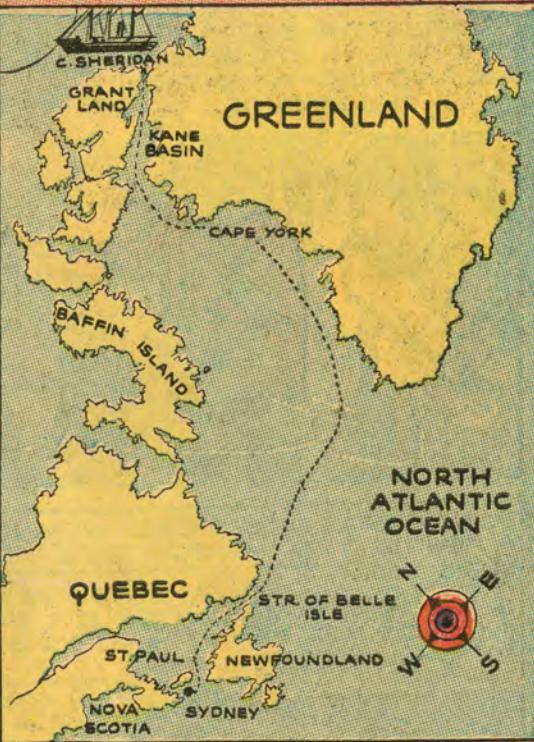
THEIR SHIP, THE "ROOSEVELT," PLOWED NORTHWARD THROUGH STORMS AND HEAVY ICE PACKS.

THINK THE SHIP WILL HOLD TOGETHER, CAPTAIN?

IF SHE WON'T, NO SHIP WILL!



AFTER HEADING NORTH FOR NEARLY TWO MONTHS, THEY REACHED CAPE SHERIDAN ON SEPTEMBER 5, 1908.



THIS IS AS FAR AS THE SHIP CAN TAKE US. KEEP THE BOYS UNLOADING HER, CAPTAIN. MATT, MAKE FRIENDS WITH THESE ESKIMOS.



COMMANDER PEARY, HIMSELF, DESIGNED THIS SLEDGE.



BUT TESTS PROVED THE SLEDGES SUCCESSFUL.

ONE MAN, ONE DOG TEAM CAN'T HANDLE IT. TOO BIG!

HENSON PERSUDED THE ESKIMOS TO HELP THEM.

WHEN WE FINISH THIS IGLOO, WE'LL START MAKING SLEDGES.



THE HUNT FOR FRESH FOOD STARTED AS WINTER-LONG DARKNESS SET IN.



ON MARCH 2, 1909, AS THE DARKNESS LIFTED, THE LONG TREK OVER 413 MILES OF ICE-COVERED OCEAN BEGAN.

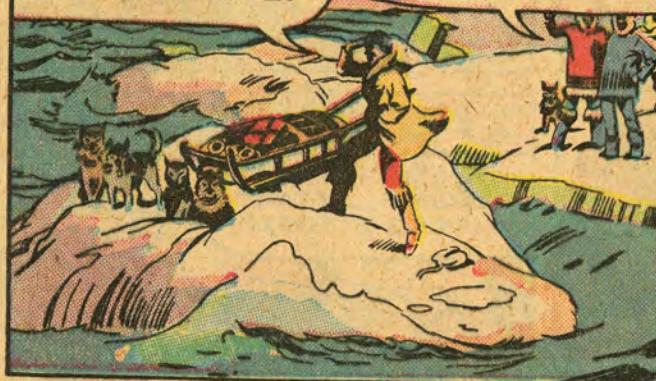
BARTLETT IS BREAKING THE TRAIL. MATT, FOLLOW ME AND KEEP AN EYE ON THE ESKIMOS.



BUT SEVERAL DAYS PASSED WITH NO SIGN OF A FREEZE. THEN HENSON TRIED A DANGEROUS STUNT.

IF THE WIND HOLDS, I'LL DRIFT ACROSS ON THIS ICE FLOE.

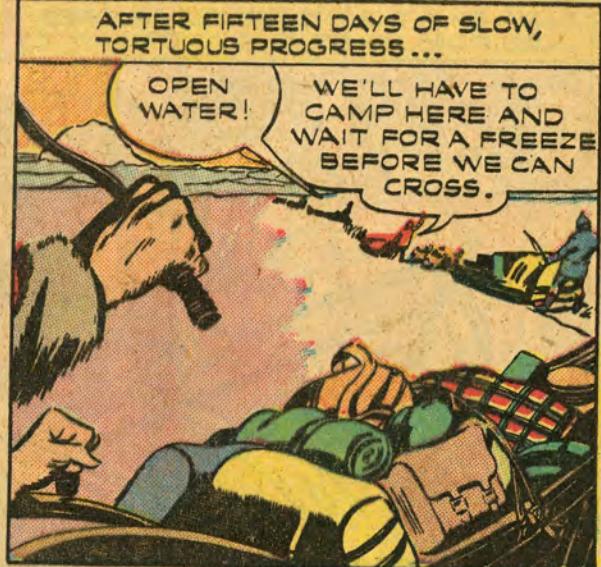
IF YOU GET THERE, BUILD A SHELTER AND START A FIRE.



AFTER FIFTEEN DAYS OF SLOW, TORTUOUS PROGRESS ...

OPEN WATER!

WE'LL HAVE TO CAMP HERE AND WAIT FOR A FREEZE BEFORE WE CAN CROSS.

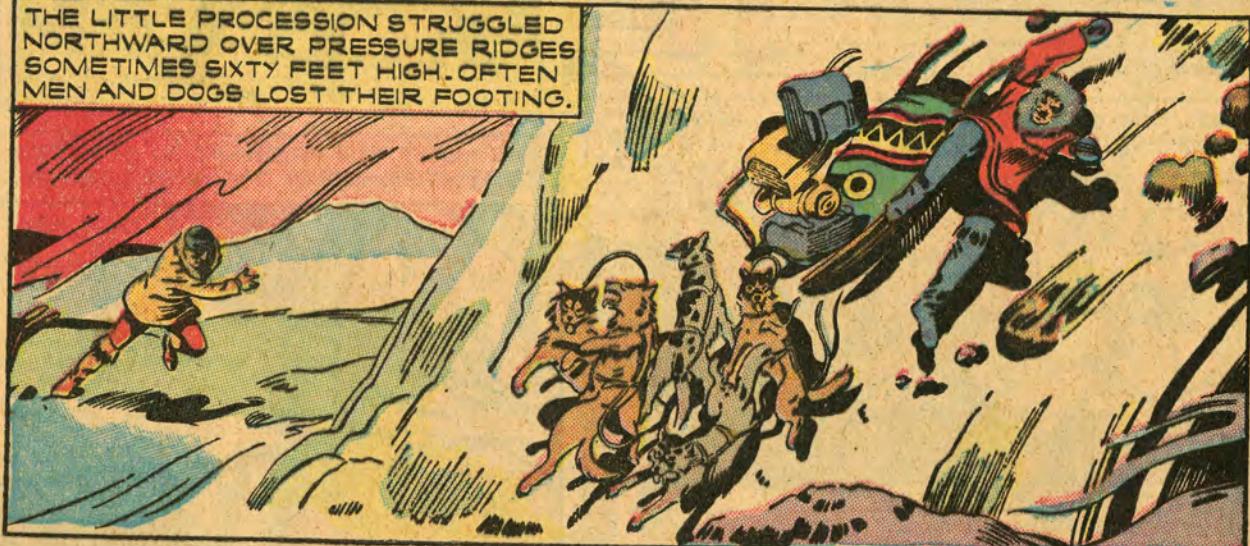


AFTER HENSON REACHED THE OTHER SIDE, THE REST OF THE PARTY FOLLOWED.

THANK GOD YOU'RE SAFE, COMMANDER! BUT WHAT HAPPENED TO THE OTHER ESKIMOS?



THE LITTLE PROCESSION STRUGGLED NORTHWARD OVER PRESSURE RIDGES SOMETIMES SIXTY FEET HIGH. OFTEN MEN AND DOGS LOST THEIR FOOTING.



ON MARCH 20, THE EXPEDITION HALTED TO REORGANIZE.

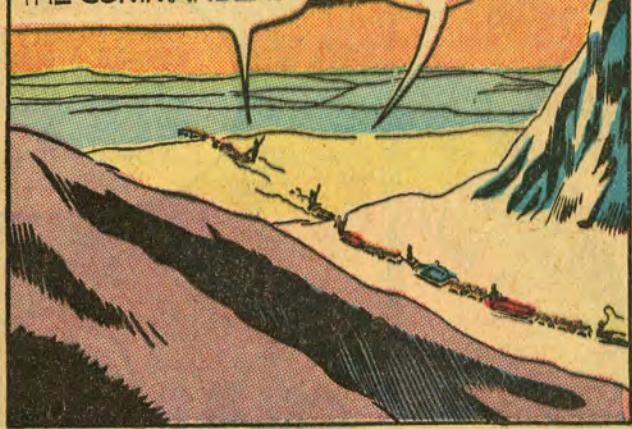
WE CAN'T CARRY ENOUGH SUPPLIES FOR ALL OF US. HENSON, BARTLETT, AND FOUR ESKIMOS WILL PUSH ON WITH ME. THE REST WILL GO BACK TO THE SHIP.



NINE DAYS LATER, CAPTAIN BARTLETT WAS SENT BACK.

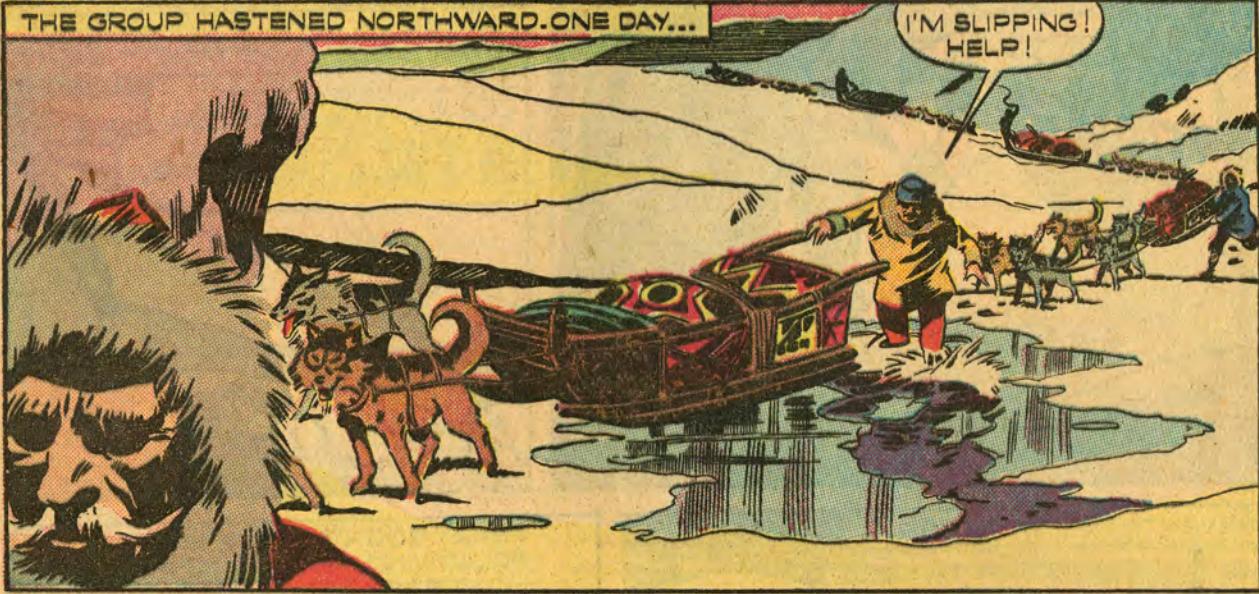
GOOD-BY, MATT, TAKE CARE OF THE COMMANDER.

I'LL DO MY BEST.



THE GROUP HASTENED NORTHWARD. ONE DAY...

I'M SLIPPING! HELP!



I PULL HIM OUT.



MORE DANGERS WERE OVERCOME. FINALLY, ON APRIL 6, 1909...

THIS IS IT!
WE'RE AT THE
NORTH POLE!

WE MADE IT!



THE ICE WAS BEATEN FROM HENSON'S CLOTHING, AND THE PARTY CONTINUED ON ITS WAY.



AFTER SEVERAL DAYS OF TAKING OBSERVATIONS AND RECORDING DATA, EXHAUSTION OVERTOOK PEARY.



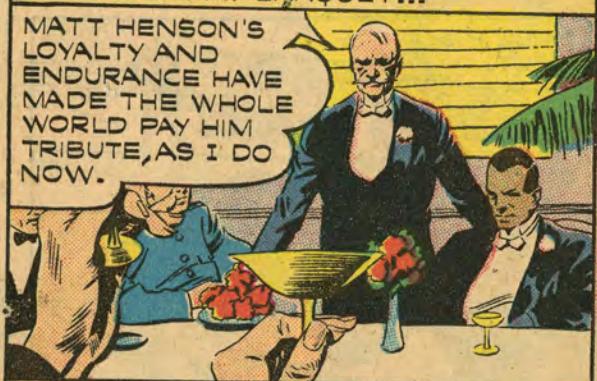
RETURNING TO THE "ROOSEVELT," PEARY'S BODY WAS DEAD WEIGHT.

DON'T WORRY ABOUT ANYTHING, COMMANDER. YOUR JOB IS DONE, AND DONE WELL. THIS IS MINE.



PEARY SOON RECOVERED. THE FOLLOWING WINTER, AT AN HONORARY BANQUET...

MATT HENSON'S LOYALTY AND ENDURANCE HAVE MADE THE WHOLE WORLD PAY HIM TRIBUTE, AS I DO NOW.



BUT MATT HENSON DID NOT GAIN FAME OR FORTUNE. FOR YEARS ABLE TO FIND WORK ONLY AS A LOW-PAID GOVERNMENT CLERK, HE NOW LIVES QUIETLY IN NEW YORK CITY.

AMERICAN TEAMWORK TRANSLATES CONVICTION INTO ACTION!

WE FOUGHT, AMERICANS ALL, white and Negro, Jew and Gentile, native and foreign born, on the beachheads of Anzio and Normandy.

We worked together in war plants. We patrolled the streets as air raid wardens. We made Red Cross supplies. We gave to war relief. We bought war bonds. **TOGETHER!**

LESSONS OF THE WAR have been too deeply learned to be quickly forgotten. Victory, we discovered, could not be won without unified teamwork—teamwork that fuses and unifies differences of race and creed.

TODAY WE FACE THE JOB of reconstructing American life into an enduring edifice of Peace and Democracy. This job, too, we can, we *must*, do **TOGETHER!**

BUT HOW IS IT DONE? How transfer war-tested emotions to peace-building action?

By moving toward specific objectives?

By joining organizations pledged to those objectives?

THE NATIONAL URBAN LEAGUE IS A BIG ANSWER. Dedicated to inter-racial teamwork, it converts democratic conviction into constructive action:
 Thirty-five years of proved accomplishment toward social advance.
 Service during two wars—two postwar periods.
 Local affiliates in 56 cities and the District of Columbia.
 350 full-time staff members.
 Reaching one-half of the urban Negro population.

CONSTANT OBJECTIVES are reiterated through daily accomplishments:
 Equal job opportunity for all and equal pay rewards for equal skills.
 Decent homes for ill-housed Negro neighborhoods.
 Better health among one-tenth of our national population.
 Education and training for Negro children and youth.

AMERICAN TEAMWORK is a fundamental feature of Urban League activity. Negroes and whites studying, planning, and working together—bringing rewards to privileged and underprivileged alike—defending an ancient American tradition—to make *equal opportunity a shining American reality*.

TO THIS CAUSE the National Urban League summons your support and membership.

For further information write to:

THE NATIONAL URBAN LEAGUE
1133 Broadway, Room 826, New York 10, N. Y.

Contributions to the National Urban League Are Deductible for Income Tax Purposes



**EVERYBODY BENEFITS FROM
COMMUNITY CHEST RED FEATHER SERVICES—
WHERE THERE IS A COMMUNITY CHEST,
THE URBAN LEAGUE IS A MEMBER.**

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